

CONVICT CRUELTY
CASE CONSIDERED

North Carolina Sensation Receives a
Public Airing
BEFORE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

Some Sterling Evidence Developed
At the Investigation—Evidence in
Rebuttal.

The investigation of the matter of cruelty to convicts from the North Carolina Penitentiary in their removal to Marion was held Tuesday. The staff correspondent of the Charlotte Observer gives a full account of the proceedings, the most salient features being given here:

Marion, N. C., Special.—Mr. J. L. C. Bird and others of Marion submitted evidence to the legislative committee which tended to establish his charges of cruelty to convicts on the recent removal from Spruce Pine to Hillsboro and Raleigh, via Marion. In rebuttal Superintendent Mann made an excellent showing so far as his own responsibility is concerned. He doubtless impressed the committee by his fairness and by reading his orders to supervisors. Superintendent Mann, who endeavored to shift any blame from his shoulders, was alongside the men on a portion of the march, but could not observe all that was going on, but thought everything was done right.

The committee consisted of Senators H. N. Pharr, of Mecklenburg, and Thos. D. Warren, of Jones county, and Representatives George L. Mortin, of New Hanover; T. W. Blount, of Washington; and W. C. Newland, of Caldwell. A day after a hard day's work all the witnesses to be examined here were heard. A further hearing will be held on the return to Raleigh. Attorney Huggins, of Marion, appeared for Superintendent Mann, while Mr. Bird, acted as prosecutor. The latter stated that he brought charges at the almost unanimous demand of the community and he was not here when the convicts passed through. As a result of Tuesday's hearing, it may be said that the opinion will probably prevail that the convicts did suffer hardship, but the responsibility of such suffering has not yet been fixed.

"RUMORS" OF ILL TREATMENT.

Whitfield Sparks, of Grassy Creek township, Mitchell county, who lives near the Spruce Pine convict camp, 24 miles from Marion, was the first witness. When asked by Mr. Bird if he knew that the weaker men were selected for removal the witness said it was so rumored, and on objection by counsel for Superintendent Mann, a controversy arose as to what limitations should be put upon the evidence. It was stated that such was the general talk, but the witness could not substantiate it. The convicts were started to Marion on the day after a shot. The witness saw one sick man helped into a wagon. The convicts crossed Tow river on the ice. The latter was covered with water about five inches deep for some 20 feet. The men were shackled together, two by two, and had only one blanket and one shirt. The witness saw no untoward treatment of convicts and some of them were not shackled.

W. D. Wiseman, of Spruce Pine, in January, 1902, passed about 100 convicts on route to the prison at Marion. He saw some of them waded Armstrong creek while there was ice in the still water. One convict lost his shoes. One man was carried over by a truck. The witness did not know whether or not a guard. The witness advised the guards to camp on the east side of the mountain, as the weather was colder on the other side. They camped at Mica (which is on the other side of the mountain). The camp equipment for the return trip to Marion was loaded on a sleigh. The men crossed the river on the ice, over which water was running. At dinner on the march the witness saw coffee and bread distributed and the convicts ask for meat. For 13 miles from Marion the road was muddy and sloppy. One sick man while lying down in a wagon asked for water as the creek was being crossed, and the witness told him to take a can. The witness saw a few old shoes dropped on the road. In crossing a shallow creek some of the men had to wade in water over shoe-mouth deep. The roads were bad and the convicts marched in the middle of the road, while the guards generally walked on the sides. Some gave out and were put in wagons. He saw the sick convicts taken off the wagon, but none were dead. Five or six were ill, two apparently "bad off."

On cross-examination by Superintendent Mann's counsel the witness stated that Armstrong creek was about knee-deep and there was no foot-log; that the convicts crossed. The witness was not positive that any guard was taken over on convicts' backs. Once and a while the convicts could be seen in holes. "There is no other way to Marion," said the witness, "so far as I know, or I would have traveled it." Asked about the convicts' shoes by Chairman Warren, the witness said some of them were in bad shape and in two instances he noticed they were open and "dripping mud." The convict who was groaning seemed to be in serious condition. The witness saw one man with one foot bare. This side of the mountain the mud was the worst of the winter on the day the convicts were moved. The mud came up to the top of the shoes and sometimes higher, and it was shoe-mouth deep nearly all the way.

GUARDS CURSED THE CONVICTS.

A. D. Wiseman, of Spruce Pine, testified that he drove a team along with the convicts on the march to Marion. Three miles or more an hour were made. Some places the mud was 6 to 8 inches deep and the average was about shoe-mouth deep. Two convicts seemed to be very sick and showed pain all the way. One asked for "just anything" and the guard replied that he had nothing for him. While groaning a guard named Sandlin said to a convict to "shut up his d—n mouth." Exhausted convicts were put on mules two at a time because they were shackled together and could not be separated. When convicts would give out the guards would curse them. A guard named Husbear told a convict who fell on his face in the mud, "D—n you, get up, I am not going to carry you." When near Marion all who were to be counted. The witness saw four or five couples of shackled men fall by the wayside. One man apparently had a fit and was put in a wagon. Near town several fell and were urged on by the guards and in some cases unshackled men helped them. The mud came above the convicts' knees. Each man carried his blanket. One convict dropped a Bible and Guard Husbear cursed him for "carrying plunder." The witness had never seen a worse day to move convicts than the one on which the trip to Marion was made. Ten miles from town the men waded a stream over shoe-mouth deep. The sick men were given water twice on the way, but no milk or medicine.

When begging for water a guard said: "D—n that n—r, that won't do you any good." A negro fell and while on his all-fours tipped his cap and said, "Boss, I can't go any further." Guard Husbear replied: "G—d—n you, get up, I am not going to carry you. We are in sailing distance of the town." A convict went to cross a fence and fell and brushed against a guard, who said: "G—d—n you, stay off me, I'll shoot h—l out you," and made a demonstration with his gun. One, nursing a child in a car at the Marion depot and the witness heard it said: "Our little negro is dead." Some of the convicts after reaching the car cut their muddy pants legs off with the help of the window. It takes a day of hard driving to come from Spruce Pine to Marion. A postmaster can almost keep up with a loaded wagon. The convicts were given coffee, some corn bread and a little meat. There was complaint that the bread had been frozen and the meat was cold. The stream waded was about six feet wide, while Tow river is 100 yards wide.

A good deal of other testimony was given in the same line. The testimony in rebuttal was given by W. E. Crossland, of Richmond, a director of the penitentiary, said the board decided that the convicts should be taken from the cold climate as a human act. The State board, guarded and had absolute control of the convicts.

J. G. Hackett, of Wilkesboro, another prison director, stated that the convicts were removed as a protection to their health. They were allowed to stay until January 20th on condition that they would work in good weather. The matter was left entirely to the superintendent. Mann. The witness thought the convicts could not have been taken through Tennessee for the reason that North Carolina would have lost jurisdiction over them. Mr. Mann said the Governor told him not to carry the convicts through Tennessee.

The board made an order that no convict can be whipped by a guard, and the supervisors must make reports on each convict. The board also ordered that no convict should be taken to the north side of the mountains during the winter. The board also ordered that no convict should be taken to the north side of the mountains during the winter. The board also ordered that no convict should be taken to the north side of the mountains during the winter.

Mann read letters to Geo. L. Carter, a railroad contractor showing the unwillingness of the penitentiary board to allow the convicts to remain on the north side of the mountains during the winter. He provided \$200 in cash to meet any emergency, and authorized the purchase of whiskey for the convicts on their arrival here. If it had been practicable to have carried the men wholly by rail it would not have cost the State a cent. The Governor advised against letting the convicts go beyond the borders of the State, and he took this as an order. No sick men had died since making the trip, from a recent derelict illness; two sick men are still living, although they may not recover. He had no contract to pay \$50 a day for cars as has been reported. He did not examine the clothes of the convicts, but he said they were in good condition. He could not say that no convicts were made sick by the movement, but he was advised that those who have been indisposed are recovering.

CROSS-EXAMINED BY MR. BIRD.

Examined by Mr. Bird, Superintendent Mann said the road from Marion

to Spruce Pine was very bad. He submitted to a lengthy cross-examination, tending to show that he himself was not responsible for any mistreatment of convicts and was informed that the case received proper attention under the disagreeable circumstances.

Superintendent Melver, who has been in the service over 25 years, corroborated the story of the killing of Davis. He advised that some of the convicts be shackled, as they were dangerous. It would not be safe to shackle them by the arms. Some of those moved were able-bodied men. The march from Spruce Pine was not of an unusual length, or cruel. He ordered two negroes to take hold of Davis, the white man killed.

J. C. Lashley, supervisor in charge of the convicts from Spruce Pine to Marion, said the convicts had plenty of coffee, biscuits and meat, and he was told all were fed. Wagons had been provided to cross the river, but it was found better to cross on the ice. He himself walked across and did not get his feet wet. The sick men were well cared for and none of them walked. The guards are not allowed to curse convicts. Fires were built in the train after arrival. No convicts died en route. He knew nothing of the story of a man dying after a whipping. The convicts were comfortably clad.

CROWDS VISIT THE SENATE

To Hear the Opening Prayer By Gen. Booth.

Washington, Special.—An immense crowd was attracted to the Senate Friday to hear the invocation of General Wm. Booth, founder and commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army. Among the occupants of the galleries were Asst. and son-in-law and a large number of Salvationists. When the staid old man came up, Mr. Dewey resumed his remarks, and attacked the Mormon Church because he said he believed its members still cling to the practice of polygamy. Referring to the anti-polygamy provision in the Statehood bill, Mr. Dewey said that it would seem that "the fine Italian hand of the Mormon apostle had been at work in the preparation of the measure and that the concentrated influence of the Mormon hierarchy could be seen in the determined effort to prevent any amendment which would completely exclude polygamy." It is not disputed, he said, that the vote of the Mormon Church is absolutely controlled by the central hierarchy of that organization. He declared that the migration of Mormons to the different States and Territories was not for the purpose of securing homes and farms, but in the rough a compact to control legislation.

Any legislation, Mr. Rawlins declared, in any State directed at Mormonism is futile, unless there is a public sentiment which will sustain the same, while the question was not as to the inadequacy of the provisions against polygamy, but as to the exercise of political power. Persecution is the seed of the Mormon Church, he declared, and it did not do any good to arraign the entire people and brand every Mormon as a slave, a most unjust accusation. "To do that," he said, "you solidify those who would aid you in bringing about the very conditions you see here." The best possible school, he said, for the correction of these evils, is to emancipate the Mormons and leave them free to work out their own destinies.

Mr. Dubois said he did not think the reference to the opponents of statehood to polygamy was serious. He declared that if the statehood bill is allowed to be put on the postoffice appropriation bill he would consent to it, and advocate the placing of the Idaho constitution relating to elections, as an amendment to the Arizona and New Mexico to subscribe to it before being admitted. Under the test oath of that constitution, he said, Idaho disfranchised every member of the Mormon Church, and for years they were without a vote.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned until 1 o'clock tomorrow, to allow Senators to attend the noon wedding of Senator Cockrell's daughter.

Three Men Drowned.

Washington, N. C., Special.—During the heavy gale of Thursday night the skipper Maco was capsized in Swan Quarter bay, and Captain Robert Wescom, master, and two white men were drowned. The reports are conflicting, but one rumor is that five negroes, also of the boat's crew, were drowned. The same evening in Palmetto river, the schooner "Father and Son" was sunk. The crew, two in number, were saved. In the cabin is the purse of the captain containing \$158. The service of John M. Edwards, submarine diver, has been secured and an effort is being made to raise the "Father and Son" from her watery grave.

Eight Fires at One Time.

Tampa, Fla., Special.—Eight fires broke out here and were raging at the same time in different sections of the city. A block of wholesale warehouses on Whitney street, including the Cudahy Packing Company, Tampa Fertilizer Company, Curriers, Produce Company, S. A. Edwards, W. H. Osborne, J. K. Parish and Walter Willis Company was burned. The entire loss was about \$20,000. Labor Hall was gutted by fire and the Tampa Furniture Company's mattress factory was destroyed with several smaller fires.

Statue to Mercer.

Washington, Special.—Secretary Root has issued an order to carry out the purpose of Congress, directing the submission by Edward V. Valentine, of Richmond, Va., of designs for a bronze statue of General Hugh Mercer and has invited the mayor of Fredericksburg, Va., to secure and convey to the United States a suitable site for the statue, which is to cost \$21,500.

NORTH STATE LAWMAKERS

Proceedings Devoted Largely to the Local Features.

Third Reading Bills.

At Monday's session of the House the following new bills passed third reading:

An act to amend the charter of the Piedmont Savings Bank.

An act to provide for the sale of property in which there is a contingent remainder.

A joint resolution to appoint a committee to investigate the cost of converting the State prison building into a hospital for insane or other useful purposes.

A resolution concerning the distribution of the George Peabody fund.

These passed third reading in the Senate:

House bill: To levy a special tax in Sampson to pay expenses of smallpox epidemic.

Senate bill: To authorize Guilford county to vote on bonds for road improvements.

House bill: To provide for working the roads in Smithfield township, in Johnston county.

House bill: To authorize Jackson county to levy a special tax.

House bill: To amend the charter of Red Springs.

House bill: To incorporate Stokes in Pitt county.

Senate bill: Authorizing Cleveland to levy special tax for roads and bridges.

Senate bill: Authorizing Tyrrell to levy special tax.

Senate bill: To incorporate Lawndale in Cleveland.

Senate bill: Allowing Lenoir to levy a special tax.

Senate bill: To change the corporate limits of Marion.

Senate bill: To establish graded school in Freemont.

In both House and Senate quite a number of local private bills were introduced, together with many petitions and resolutions on the temperance question.

Senate bill: Authorizing Madison county to issue bonds to pay the outstanding indebtedness of the county. Ayes 28, nays 2—Crisp and Wellborn.

Senate bill: Allowing Whiteville to issue improvement bonds.

Senate bill: To authorize Montgomery to issue bonds to build court house.

Senate bill: To authorize Edenton to issue bonds.

House bill: To incorporate Rhodhiss in Caldwell.

Senate bill: Authorizing Pitt to levy a special tax.

House bill: To amend chapter 88, Private Laws of 1897, and chapter 215, Private Acts 1899—after diligent inquiry one Senator finally explained away this bill and amended the charter of Lumberton.

Senate bill: Regulating contested elections was deferred until Monday.

House bill: To correct State grant No. 479.

Senate bill: To amend the law, regulating notaries' fees.

Senate bill: To confirm certain charters and rights of the Suffolk & Carolina Railway Company.

Senate bill: For better drainage of land in Lincoln.

Senate bill: To amend pension law was tabled.

Senate bill: To abolish the board of examiners of State institutions. Mr. Glenn said that he did not know that there was such a board until he saw their report in the papers and that report was thoroughly unjust and unfair to at least one State institution. He thought the board was a mistake. He could not endorse the work of the examiners that cost \$12,000 and accomplished nothing. Mr. Spence objected to third reading.

Senate bill: To abolish standard keeper in Vance failed to pass.

House bill: To prevent public drunkenness in Macon county.

House bill: To shorten time of notice of publication.

Senator Reinhardt sent up and had read a memorial from the agricultural students in the Agricultural and Mechanical College asking for an agricultural building.

House bill: To amend chapter 524, Laws of 1901, so as to eliminate the old primary elections except in case of challenge, applying only to Mecklenburg county. This bill amends the charter of the managers of primary elections to administer an oath "when any voter is challenged in good faith, the challenger stating grounds for such challenge."

Senate bill: Allowing M. N. Ames to practice law and be a justice of the peace.

Senate bill: To regulate contested elections, was tabled.

Senate bill: To amend The Code, section 100, with reference to measures.

Senate bill: To amend chapter 750, Laws of 1901.

House bill: To incorporate the Bank of Martin County, was amended and passed.

House bill: To incorporate the Raleigh & Eastern Railroad was amended regarding the rate clause and then passed second reading.

PASSED THIRD READING.

House bill: To ratify and affirm the incorporation of the Carolina & Tennessee Southern Railway Company.

House bill: To amend chapter 15, Laws 188.

Senate bill: To form a school district from Cumberland and Robeson.

House bill: To relieve Annie B. Witter, of Person.

House bill: For relief of Miss Julia B. Howard, of Person.

House bill: For relief of Miss Ella Chandler, of Person.

House bill: For relief of Mrs. Stanford Potter.

Senate bill: Regulating hunting in Halifax and Warren.

House bill: To repeal acts of 1887 regarding collecting taxes in Caswell.

House bill: To allow Caswell to levy a special tax passed second reading.

Senate bill: Regulating local option election in Brevard and placing safeguards about the liquor traffic in Transylvania.

House bill: For paying school claims in Davie.

House bill: To relieve Miss Mary Jane Watkins.

Senate bill: To relieve Miss Matinette Pecto, of Halifax.

TILLMAN ON HABEAS CORPUS

Vigorous Effort Made to Get Him Out of Jail on Bond.

Newberry, S. C., Special.—Applications for bail for former Lieutenant Governor James H. Tillman, charged with the murder of N. G. Gonzales, editor of The State, in Columbia, S. C., January 15th, was argued here last week.

The hearing was presided over by Chief Justice J. J. Pope, who on last Saturday granted the hearing to the defending attorneys of James H. Tillman.

The commonwealth of South Carolina was represented by State Attorney General Gunter and Solicitor Thurmond. Tillman was defended by Congressman-elect George W. Croft, his law partner and P. H. Nelson, of Columbia.

Justice Pope signed an order requiring Tillman's counsel to serve copies of affidavits upon the solicitor general, who would reply if desired, and the answers of the state will be served upon the appellants who are also given the right to reply.

Monday at noon both sides will be present before Justice Pope in Columbia, and final action will be taken.

Tillman and his lawyers are sure of winning the decision on the ground of self defense. The solicitor and his assistant counsel declare they will resist bail to the very last.

The hearing of the application for bail began shortly after 2 o'clock. The court room was packed almost to suffocation. There was no demonstration when Tillman entered as the Judge had warned everybody to be absolutely quiet. Tillman appeared calm, then nervous, impatient and angry at the varying stages of the hearing.

Col. Nelson, for Mr. Tillman, conducted the case. Affidavits were read, Gonzales slipped his hand into his overcoat pocket, which Tillman says he thought was a motion to draw a pistol. Not until the shot was fired, Tillman says, he realized Gonzales had not also shot him.

When the appellants announced closed the solicitor objected to any further continuance of the hearing on the ground that affidavits had been sprung on them the very last moment, when they had no opportunity to make investigation.

Justice Pope ruled after argument from both sides had been made that his order would be to continue the hearing until all affidavits on both sides could be answered. Both sides declined an expression of opinion after the decision had been announced.

The details of the tragedy in which Editor Gonzales lost his life are well remembered. Since the day of the shooting, Thursday, January 15, quiet and persistent efforts have been made by Tillman's legal advisers in outlining their plans of defense.

Former Lieutenant Governor Jas. H. Tillman arrived at 2 o'clock, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Judge Buchanan, who is his leading counsel. Other members of counsel who accompanied the prisoner were R. H. Nelson, Geo. Rembert and Geo. W. Croft, former congressman, who is Mr. Tillman's law partner.

There was no demonstration at the depot, when the party arrived, as it was supposed they would come via the Southern. Instead, Tillman, an officer, and counsel came over the other route.

Tillman was driven immediately to the office of Col. Cole Blaise, a member of counsel, where many of his friends called on him during the short time before the party went to the Crowell hotel to dinner.

The officer from Columbia had very little to do, and no one who did not know would have thought Tillman was under arrest.

Mr. Tillman said: "All I ask for is a fair trial and I am ready for it."

While he was talking to me, one of his lawyers called him to the window and said: "Tillman, there's one of the best friends you have got in the world. He has been praying for your acquittal."

"That's a good friend to have," said Tillman, "and his prayer will be answered."

After a brief conference with friends in the lawyer's office, Mr. Tillman was taken to the hotel and dinner was served.

Termination of the Blockade.

Washington, Special.—Official notice of the termination of the blockade of the Venezuelan ports, as conveyed in the original proclamations, has reached the State Department, in the shape of a dispatch received from the United States embassy at London, stating that the British Foreign Office has given its consent that a cablegram has been sent to the blockade in the British naval commander in Venezuelan waters to raise the blockade.

WINDING UP OF CASE.

Mr. Bowen Taking The Last Steps In Venezuelan Controversy.

Washington, Special.—Minister Bowen expects to begin immediately the preparations of the protocols with the representatives of the unallied powers for the settlement of the claims of the citizens of those nations who have suffered as a result of the trouble in Venezuela. There are eight of these claimant nations. The drawing up of the protocol with this government will be the first undertaken. Solicitor Pendfield, of the State Department, will represent the United States in these negotiations with Mr. Bowen. Work on this protocol, it is expected, will begin tomorrow and Mr. Bowen's belief is that matters will move forward with greater rapidity than they did with the representatives of the allied governments who were enforcing the blockade against Venezuela. The negotiations with France will follow those with the United States, and so on until the protocols with all the unallied creditor nations are completed.

The statement has been made that the allied powers were opposed to preferential treatment to Great Britain, Germany and Italy, and that in all probability Venezuela, the United States and France will be lined up as representing the eight unallied nations at The Hague, as opposed to the three allies.

Mr. Bowen continues to receive congratulatory dispatches from Venezuela on the outcome of his work here. One of those which he prizes most highly is from the citizens of La Guaira, through the prefect which read as follows:

"La Guaira—The citizens of La Guaira through me felicitate you as the great and good friend of Venezuela."

Various efforts have been made by representatives of big financial houses in this country to sound Mr. Bowen as to his views on the question of financing the debts of Venezuela, which will arise out of the expected adjudication of the claims by the several mixed commissions. Mr. Bowen, however, has informed all those who have spoken to him on the subject that his mission here is entirely a diplomatic one, and that he could not consider the financial features of the matter.

POSTMASTER MULLEN IS OUT.

Mr. Smith Appointed to Succeed to the Office.

Charlotte, N. C., Special.—Mr. W. N. Mullen was last week removed from the office of postmaster of this city on the third charge. It will be remembered that the first charge against him was for intoxication. This was settled in a way satisfactory to the department, and Mullen was retained. The second charge was that a shortage of several hundred dollars appeared in his books. This was some weeks ago, but Mullen showed that the shortage was fully covered, and again was retained. Last week, however, the charge was urged that he had failed to weigh second-class matter, and that as a result the government had lost a large sum of postage. Mr. Mullen was then relieved and the question of a successor came up. Mr. Geo. F. Hise was tendered the position, but declined. Mr. R. W. Smith was then appointed. Several telegrams were sent to the department and to Senator Pritchard urging the withdrawal of Mr. Smith's name, but this action was not taken, and it is likely that his appointment will be confirmed.

Ex-Governor Fishback Dead.

Little Rock, Ark., Special.—Former Governor Wm. Fishback died Monday at his home in Fort Smith, of paralysis. He was 72 years of age. He was widely known as the author of the Fishback amendment, by which the Legislature is forbidden ever to pay certain bonds issued during the reconstruction period.

New Relief Committee.

Mexico City, Special.—A relief committee under the name of "Comite Nacional," has been organized here, to take the place of the charity commission which has been collecting funds for Mazatlan. President Diaz is honorary president of the committee. The actual president is Minister of Interior Corralli. In view of the controversy that people leaving the city of Mazatlan dodge the sanitary stations, and because of the reported appearance of the plague at a small town near that city, the authorities have decided to make more strict regulations governing emigration from the stricken fort.

The Oregon Deadlock.

Salem, Ore., Special.—The last week of the legislative assembly will begin and from present indications there will be no election until the last day and perhaps the last hour of the session. No joint resolution for adjournment has yet been passed, but the Legislature will probably dissolve on Friday or Saturday. Throughout the entire session State Senator C. W. Fulton has been the leading candidate with 54 votes, 45 being necessary for a choice.

A Special Wrecked.

Washington, Special.—It is reported that the Florida Special on the Southern Railway, which leaves here at 9:50 p. m., was wrecked 10 miles south of Alexandria, Va., Saturday night. One man is said to have been killed. Physicians have been sent out from Alexandria. An arrest has been made on a charge of train-wrecking.

Unique Business Club.

Manufacturers' Record.

The Manufacturers' Club at Charlotte, N. C., is an unusual organization. Its location in a central position among the manufacturing interest of the Piedmont region of the South Atlantic States contributes, perhaps, to its opportunities.

If one visits Charlotte and is given a card to the club, this card introduces him to what seems to be a well-organized and well-attended social organization. While this is true he is, as a matter of fact, inside an organization where there is much more going on than social intercourse.

If the visitor wants to build a cotton mill he can find three or four men either of whom can tell him all about it and who stand ready to furnish plans, machinery and build the plant. If it is a knitting mill, an expert in this line can be found also. If it is machinery to wind hosiery yarn onto cones, he can get full information and buy the machines in the building. If it is 1,000 bales of cotton that is wanted, he will have several gentlemen pointed out any one of whom will furnish the cotton at the best market prices. If it is a cotton seed oil mill or a refinery or a sulphuric acid chamber, it's all the same; some member of the club can furnish full information and contract to furnish the plant and result. The club numbers among its members yarn commission men from Philadelphia, New York, Providence and Boston, and others who live in Charlotte; also cloth commission men from the same cities. The club has in the list of its members numerous cotton mill presidents, treasurers and managers. Yarn and cloth are both abundantly bought and sold in a very quiet way. A cotton mill president and a cloth commission man sit down together for a quiet talk, and when they part \$10,000 worth of cloth has been bought and sold. A mill treasurer and a cotton buyer happen to meet, and in a few minutes a hundred thousand bales of cotton have changed ownership.

The club is really an exchange in a quiet way, as well as a social organization. It resembles the Royal Exchange in Manchester more than any other place in the country. Yet it is not strictly a business organization, as the Manchester exchange is. The organization is wholly social in form, but its members aim to make it facilitate business. It is the industrial development of the entire territory surrounding Charlotte.

Charlotte's \$450,000 Mill.

In the Manufacturers' Record of January 15 it was announced that the Highland Park Manufacturing Co. of Charlotte, N. C., had decided to build an additional mill to contain 1,000 looms, but location had not been selected, both Charlotte and Rock Hill, S. C., being under consideration. During the present week it was definitely determined that the plant be located at Charlotte, certain concessions made by the city ensuring its immediate construction. Work on the buildings will begin in a few weeks, and the equipment is expected to be ready for operation by January. Besides the 1,000 looms mentioned, there will be 30,000 spindles, and the plant will cost about \$450,000, as previously stated. Stuart W. Cramer of Charlotte has been engaged as architect-engineer in charge, and he also has contract to supply the textile machinery. Gingham will be the product. This will be the third Highland Park plant; the company having now 13,500 spindles and 1,200 looms at Charlotte, and 7,500 ring spindles with 786 looms at Rock Hill, S. C. In connection with this latter plant a cotton seed oil mill is also operated, and members of the Highland Park Co. have formed another company, capitalized at \$100,000, to build a cotton seed oil mill at Charlotte.

Adding 10,000 Spindles, 250 Looms.

Brief reference was made recently to improvements contemplated by the E. L. Shuford Manufacturing Co. of Hickory, N. C. A definite decision has been made, and the new equipment has been ordered. The company will erect a three-story addition to its present main building for the accommodation of 10,000 spindles and 250 looms. Textile machinery will be installed as soon as the new structure is ready to receive it. Stuart W. Cramer of Charlotte, N. C., is mill engineer in charge of the blueprints for these betterments. The present Shuford plant operates 10,000 spindles and 200 looms on the production of twills and satens.

Textile Notes.

P. H. Hanes of Winston, N. C., is installing dyeing plant at his knitting mill.

It is reported that J. Abernathy of Lincolnton, N. C., will organize company to build a large cotton mill.

It is reported that India Head Mills of Alabama, Cordova, Ala., will build an addition for the installation of more looms. Company now has 27,472 spindles and 840 looms.

It is reported that Watts of Laurens, S. C., will install 30,000 spindles and 1,000 looms, instead of the 15,000 spindles and 500 looms announced previously.

It is reported that T. L. Johnson of Gadsden, Ala., has sold land at Gloucester, Ala., to a cotton manufacturing company that proposes to erect the land as site for erection of a mill.

Extract: Wool Merino Co. of Chattanooga, Tenn., will increase capital stock from \$20,000 to \$40,000. This additional capital is proposed for the purpose of enlarging the plant.

Granite Falls Manufacturing Co., Granite Falls, N. C., recently reported as to add spinning machinery, is not increasing its millage, but merely replacing worn-out equipment. Plant now has 5,000 spindles.

Messrs. B. Frank Mebane, W. A. Walker and J. S. Patterson have incorporated Union Supply & Cotton Co. of Bray, N. C., with an authorized capital of \$500,000. The company's purpose is stated to be the manufacture of cotton yarn and other products.

Rome (Ga.) Hosiery Mills, recently reported incorporation, etc., with \$25,000 capital, has arranged for immediate installation of equipment. There will be sixty knitting machines, producing 300 dozen pairs of men's and women's hosiery daily. H. W. Thurston will be manager.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL

Unique Business Club.

Manufacturers' Record.

The Manufacturers' Club at Charlotte, N. C., is an unusual organization. Its location in a central position among the manufacturing interest of the Piedmont region of the South Atlantic States contributes, perhaps, to its opportunities.

If one visits Charlotte and is given a card to the club, this card introduces him to what seems to be a well-organized and well-attended social organization. While this is true he is, as a matter of fact, inside an organization where there is much more going on than social intercourse.

If the visitor wants to build a cotton mill he can find three or four men either of whom can tell him all about it and who stand ready to furnish plans, machinery and build the plant. If it is a knitting mill, an expert in this line can be found also. If it is machinery to wind hosiery yarn onto cones, he can get full information and buy the machines in the building. If it is 1,000 bales of cotton that is wanted, he will have several gentlemen pointed out any one of whom will furnish the cotton at the best market prices. If it is a cotton seed oil mill or a refinery or a sulphuric acid chamber, it's all the same; some member of the club can furnish full information and contract to furnish the plant and result. The club numbers among its members yarn commission men from Philadelphia, New York, Providence and Boston, and others who live in Charlotte; also cloth commission men from the same cities. The club has in the list of its members numerous cotton mill presidents, treasurers and managers. Yarn and cloth are both abundantly bought and sold in a very quiet way. A cotton mill president and a cloth commission man sit down together for a quiet talk, and when they part \$10,000 worth of cloth has been bought and sold. A mill treasurer and a cotton buyer happen to meet, and in a few minutes a hundred thousand bales of cotton have changed ownership.

The club is really an exchange in a quiet way, as well as a social organization. It resembles the Royal Exchange in Manchester more than any other place in the country. Yet it is not strictly a business organization, as the Manchester exchange is. The organization is wholly social in form, but its members aim to make it facilitate business. It is the industrial development of the entire territory surrounding Charlotte.

Charlotte's \$450,000 Mill.

In the Manufacturers' Record of January 15 it was announced that the Highland Park Manufacturing Co. of Charlotte, N. C., had decided to build an additional mill to contain 1,000 looms, but location had not been selected, both Charlotte and Rock Hill, S. C., being under consideration. During the present week it was definitely determined that the plant be located at Charlotte, certain concessions made by the city ensuring its immediate construction. Work on the buildings will begin in a few weeks, and the equipment is expected to be ready for operation by January. Besides the 1,000 looms mentioned, there will be 30,000 spindles, and the plant will cost about \$450,000, as previously stated. Stuart W. Cramer of Charlotte has been engaged as architect-engineer in charge, and he also has contract to supply the textile machinery. Gingham will be the product. This will be the third Highland Park plant; the company having now 13,500 spindles and 1,200 looms at Charlotte, and 7,500 ring spindles with 786 looms at Rock Hill, S. C. In connection with this latter plant a cotton seed oil mill is also operated, and members of the Highland Park Co. have formed another company, capitalized at \$100,000, to build a cotton seed oil mill at Charlotte.

Adding 10,000 Spindles, 250 Looms.

Brief reference was made recently to improvements contemplated by the E. L. Shuford Manufacturing Co. of Hickory, N. C. A definite decision has been made, and the new equipment has been ordered. The company will erect a three-story addition to its present main building for the accommodation of 10,000 spindles and 250 looms. Textile machinery will be installed as soon as the new structure is ready to receive it. Stuart W. Cramer of Charlotte, N. C., is mill engineer in charge of the blueprints for these betterments. The present Shuford plant operates 10,000 spindles and 200 looms on the production of twills and satens.

Textile Notes.

P. H. Hanes of Winston, N. C., is installing dyeing plant at his knitting mill.

It is reported that J. Abernathy of Lincolnton, N. C., will organize company to build a large cotton mill.

It is reported that India Head Mills of Alabama, Cordova, Ala., will build an addition for the installation of more looms. Company now has 27,472 spindles and 840 looms.

It is reported that Watts of Laurens, S. C., will install 30,000 spindles and 1,000 looms, instead of the 15,000 spindles and 500 looms announced previously.

It is reported that T. L. Johnson of Gadsden, Ala., has sold land at Gloucester, Ala., to a cotton manufacturing company that proposes to erect the land as site for erection of a mill.

Extract: Wool Merino Co. of Chattanooga, Tenn., will increase capital stock from \$20,000 to \$40,000. This additional capital is proposed for the purpose of enlarging the plant.

Granite Falls Manufacturing Co., Granite Falls, N. C., recently reported as to add spinning machinery, is not increasing its millage, but merely replacing worn-out equipment. Plant now has 5,000 spindles.

Messrs. B. Frank Mebane, W. A. Walker and J. S. Patterson have incorporated Union Supply & Cotton Co. of Bray, N. C., with an authorized capital of \$500,000. The company's purpose is stated to be the manufacture of cotton yarn and other products.

Rome (Ga.) Hosiery Mills, recently reported incorporation, etc., with \$25,000 capital, has arranged for immediate installation of equipment. There will be sixty knitting machines, producing 300 dozen pairs of men's and women's hosiery daily. H. W. Thurston will be manager.

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THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year, \$1.00
Six Months, .60
Three Months, .35

No. 11.

DEATH OF DR. CURRY

Dr. J. L. M. Curry, one of the most prominent educators of the South, died in Asheville last Thursday night of Bright's disease. Dr. Curry had been critically ill for several weeks. He was 78 years old at the time of his death. He had served in the civil war and was also a member of the lower House of Congress of the Confederacy at Richmond. Later he was United States Minister to Spain and was also chosen to represent the government at the coronation of the young king of Spain. At the time of his death he was general agent of the Peabody and Slater Educational funds. The funeral of Dr. Curry was held in Richmond Saturday afternoon from the Richmond College Chapel.

The following is taken from a correspondence in the New Bern Journal:

"There is some talk among members of the legislature about expelling one of the members of that body, of whom it is stated that he has been intoxicated ever since his arrival, and that he has spent his days and nights in riotous living." It is reported that one of the democratic members was put in the "lock up" one night last week for being drunk and was taken home the next morning. We suppose this is the member referred to above. And if we are correctly informed there are several other members of that august body that imbibe too freely of the "Mountain Dew".

The Monroe Enquirer says "It is charged in some of the papers of the State that a number of the members of the Legislature are drunk frequently. We believe that the charge is true, but it is not fair to be making that charge and not give names. Those booze legislators should have their names published in every paper in the state and should be sent back home where they belong."

The News and Observer copied the above without comment. Why didn't it give names and ask for the expulsion of such members? Or was it afraid there would not be a quorum when the legislature met the next morning after the exodus.

Senator Woodard from Wilson and the Editor of the News and Observer have been engaging in personal abuse. The News and Observer is trying to Tillmanize North Carolina and "you are it" so long as you hoop it up and call it the democratic bible, but when a democrat chooses to do his own thinking then he is a small potato in the eye of the News and Observer. It has taken Senator Woodard a long time to find out the small calibre of the News and Observer. It is a case of Marsus own dog biting him.

Mr. Victor Dockery announces that he contemplates publishing a paper in Raleigh in the near future to be called The Moon.

He further announces that it will be independent in politics, religion and science and will try to be original: lighting up darkness and not absorbing the Sun's domain. If he follows his doctrine out to the letter it will be the only, paper of the kind in the world.

We wish him success.

One of our exchanges is very much surprised to see a big whisky advertisement in the Raleigh News and Observer when the Observer is apparently such a strong advocate of Temperance. To a casual observer it would appear that it is taking some whisky to run this Temperance Legislature.

Bills have been introduced in the legislature giving three counties compulsory school attendance laws. The counties are Camden Macon and Cherokee. If the bills pass they will be about as compulsory as the "anti-spit ordinance" is in some towns in the State—Spit where you please.

The old soldier was turned down by this Legislature when it came time to do him honor. A deaf ear was turned to the West and now to add insult to injury, from a standpoint of the West Senator-elect Overman has chosen his private secretary from the far east.

We would like to hear the final report of the investigating committee on the Penitentiary Scandal. There seems to be a great effort to "white wash" the affair, but they will find that the white-wash will not stick.

The play politics members of the legislature have decided that the London bill may be good medicine for London, but it won't do for North Carolina—Asheville Gazette.

It should also be made a felony for an election official to stuff a ballot box—Ex.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS

And now the Western Democrats claim that the east named the Senator after all and that in so doing they broke all pledges made heretofore and violated some very high moral principles. With the moor power of the machine in the East how can the West expect any better things—really, what right anyway have the tools to complain of the powers that wield them—Exchange

Those Democrats in "caucuss assembled" at Raleigh should not be blamed for getting too many ballots in the box for U. S. Senator. It was only the force or habit—Ex.

Up to one day last week, the legislature had enacted thirty-seven bills into law, and adopted six resolutions. In all the laws passed; not one to relieve the taxpayers of the state. Some are to appoint of others and others to get control where the people are against them. All the law repeated or changed, or at least nineteen-twentieths of them, are democrat laws passed in 1901 and 1893. Only one law has been passed repealing laws enacted by the Fusionists, and that was in the session of 1897. At last this is as we gather the summary from the Raleigh dailies. Taxpayers, how does that strike you?—Hickory Times-Mercury.

Mr. Quikell, who represents Lincoln county in the Legislature, it is said, has introduced a bill compelling those who want, wills, mortgages, deeds and other legal papers drawn, to go to a lawyer and have it done. We told the farmers of that county he was too young and that if they elected him, they would ruin him. Now they see what they have done. The idea that no one can represent the people but some fellow who, by accident, gets license to mess over law problems, is the biggest fool thing in politics. Ah, well, the people pay for it. "Go it boys, your daddy is rich."—Hickory Times-Mercury.

Prohibition is a political question, and if the Simmons legislature passes any law to further prohibition, it will be on partisan lines. But as we have seen and felt it, prohibition would hurt that party worse than any other. Because if they did get prohibition, then they could not tank up their speakers, political heelers and redshirts to terrorize the voters.—Ex

Gen. Lee's Daughter Honored. Philadelphia Dispatch to New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Miss Mary Custis Lee, daughter of Gen. Robert E. Lee, was the guest of honor at the annual meeting to-day of the Gen. Dabney H. Maury Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy.

After the meeting an informal reception for Miss Lee was held at the home of the president of the society, Mrs. Ashby Turner Blythe, 317 South Twenty-second street. During her stay in this city Miss Lee is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Chew, 1178 Walnut street. Following the election of officers the historian, Miss Reintzel, read a paper on the life of Gen. Lee.

Miss Lee was greatly affected by this eulogy of her illustrious father, and thanked Miss Reintzel warmly after the meeting.

Some One's Boon Talking. Greenville Reflector.

The next nomination of a Democrat for the presidency ought to have attached to it an iron-clad contract that if he is beaten he will keep quiet for at least four years.

THE SAINT LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO R. R. OFFERS TO THE COLONIST.

Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory. On the following dates: February 17th, March 3rd and 17th April 7th and 21st. Write for advertising matter, Rates and information to W. T. Saunders, G. A. P. D., Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Roosevelt and Miss Root Leave for New Orleans. Washington, Feb. 15.—Miss Alice Roosevelt and Miss Root, daughter of Secretary Root, left Washington to-day for New Orleans to attend Mardi Gras festivities.

Better Than Gold

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them, Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed sold by all Druggists.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

At the time of this writing the Old State Arsenal is still resting on the Capitol Square.

Escaped and Awaiting Fate

Mr. H. Haggins of Melbourne, Fla., writes, "My doctor told me I had Consumption and nothing could be done for me. I was given up to die. The offer of a free trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, induced me to try it. Results were startling. I am now on the road to recovery and owe all to Dr. King's New Discovery. It surely saved my life." This great cure is guaranteed for all throat and lung diseases sold by all Druggists. Price 50c & \$1.00. Trial Bottles free.

Where is that Penitentiary surplus.

Nearly Forfeits His Life

A runaway almost ending fatally, started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin eruptions and Piles. 25c at any Drug Store.

SHORT DAIRY COURSE

Young men working upon the farms can nearly double their present wages by taking a six weeks' course in dairying at the A. & M. College for the colored Race, Greensboro, N. C. Winter Terms began Jan. 5-1903. Spring Term will begin March, 23-1903. For terms, etc., address Prof. J. Henry Bluford, director of the Department of Agriculture and Chemistry, and for catalogue and general information address Pres. Jas. B. Dudley, A. & M. College, Greensboro, N. C.

Scene in the Valley de Mendiz, Portugal.

Group of girls carrying Wicker Baskets Full of Grapes to the Winery to be Crushed and Made into Wine.



The Speer Wine Company, Passaic, N. J.

have their vineyards stocked of the same grape, the only vineyard of the kind in this country, the vines were imported and planted here over forty years ago. The Speer Port wine and Burgundy are now regarded the finest in the world, their rich, full body and high character is unexcelled. Invalids, weakly persons, especially females, and the aged are made strong and vigorous by its use, as a medicinal wine it has no equal; as a family wine it has no superior. First class physicians all over the country, here and in Europe, who have tried them recommend them as the best.

A close study by physicians on the effect of different brands of wines on the system, convinces them of the superiority of the Speer Passaic wines for their patients. Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

Agents Wanted

LIFE OF T. DEWITT TALMAGE, by his Son, Rev. Frank Dewitt Talmage and associate editors of Christian Herald. Only book endorsed by Talmage family. Enormous profit for agents who act quickly. Outfit ten cents. Write immediately Clarke and Co., 222 S. 4th St. Phila. Mention this paper.

Of All Hot Weather Enemies of humanity cholera is the worst. Treatment to be effective must be prompt. When vomiting, purging and sweat announce that the disease is present, combat it with Perry Davis' Painkiller. All bowel troubles, like diarrhoea, cholera morbus and dysentery are overcome by Painkiller. It is equally health promoting all climates.

WANTED—FAITHFUL PERSON TO TRAVEL, for well established house in a few counties, calling on retail merchants and agents. Local territory. Salary \$1024 a year and expenses, payable \$19.70 a week in cash and expenses advanced. Position permanent. Business successful and rushing. Standard House, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

A SUSTAINING DIET.

These are the enervating days, when, as somebody has said, men drop by the sunstroke as if the day had dawned. They are fraught with danger to people whose systems are poorly sustained; and this leads us to say, in the interest of the less robust of our readers, that the full effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla is such as to suggest the propriety of calling this medicine something besides a blood purifier and tonic,—say, a sustaining diet. It makes it much easier to bear the heat, assures refreshing sleep and will without any doubt avert much sickness at this time of year.

How to Avoid Trouble.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by T. F. Saunders.

WANTED—A TRUSTWORTHY gentleman or lady in each county to manage business for an old established house of solid financial standing. A straight, bona fide weekly cash salary of \$18.00 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 340 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

STAND LIKE A STONE WALL.

Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead and other skin diseases.—How? why, by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earth's greatest healer. Quickest cure for Ulcers, Fever Sores, Salt Rheum, Burns or Bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c at all druggists. Sold by R. H. Holliday

MANAGER WANTED.

Trustworthy, either sex, by wholesale Merchandise Company of solid financial standing, to manage Local Representatives who will organize clubs among consumers. 40 per cent saved for our customers. Business no experiment but a proven success. Salary \$18.00 a week, expenses advanced. Experience unnecessary. Address D. B. Clarkson, Mgr., 334 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

Raleigh to Minneapolis, Minn., and return at rate of one fare for the round trip plus \$2.00, account National Educational Association. Tickets on sale July 4th, 5th, and 6th, limited returning July 14, 1902. An extension of the final limit to October 1st, can be secured by depositing ticket with the Joint Agent, Minneapolis on or before July 14th, and on payment of fee of 50c.

THE CHAMBERLIN Screw Stump Machine. The only Stump Machine in the world that successfully pulls all classes and sizes of stumps.

MANUFACTURED BY THE CHAMBERLIN MFG. CO. OLEAN, N. Y.

Write for Catalogue and Price List.

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\$20,000.00 CASH CONTEST

UPON TOTAL PORT RECEIPTS OF COTTON
1st SEPT., 1902, TO 10th JAN., 1903.

CONTEST CLOSES DECEMBER 31st, 1902.
MAGNIFICENT TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLAR OFFER.

To the one Making the exact, or the nearest to the exact, estimate of the receipts of cotton AT ALL UNITED STATES PORTS from Sept. 1, 1902, to January 10, 1903..... \$5,000
To the next nearest estimate..... 2,000
To the second next nearest..... 1,000
To the five next nearest..... \$300 each..... 1,500
To the ten next nearest..... 200 each..... 2,000
To the fifteen next nearest..... 100 each..... 1,500
To the twenty next nearest..... 50 each..... 1,000
To the fifty next nearest..... 10 each..... 500
To the one hundred nearest..... 5 each..... 500

For distribution among those estimates not taking any of the above 203 prizes: coming within 1,000 bales either way of the exact figures..... \$2,800

Should the exact figures have been given during the contest prior to Sept. 1st there was offered to the successful estimate, if made before then..... 2,800
Grand total..... \$20,000

Conditions of Sending Estimates in This Mammoth \$20,000 Contest.

- (1) Send \$1.25 for WEEKLY CONSTITUTION and SUNNY SOUTH, both one year, and send two estimates in this contest—that is one estimate for the SUNNY SOUTH and another estimate for THE CONSTITUTION.
- (2) Send \$1.00 for WEEKLY CONSTITUTION one year and with it one estimate in the contest.
- (3) Send 50c for SUNNY SOUTH one year and with it one estimate in the contest.
- (4) Send 50c for one estimate alone in the contest if you don't want a subscription, or if you wish to make a number of estimates on this basis you may send THREE estimates for every ONE DOLLAR forwarded at the same time estimates are sent. If as many as TEN estimates are sent at the same time, without subscription, the sender may forward them with only THREE dollars—this special discount being offered only to estimates of ten. A postal card receipt will be sent for each estimate so received. When no subscriptions are sent, the arrival of the paper itself is an acknowledgment that your estimate has been received and carefully recorded.
- (5) The money and the subscription and the estimate must come in the same envelope every time. The estimate, the money and the subscription together. This rule is positive.
- (6) No estimate must be mailed later than December 31st, 1902.
- (7) In case of a tie upon any prize estimate, the money will be equally divided.

BLANK FOR \$1.00 AND THREE ESTIMATES, WITHOUT SUBSCRIPTION.
(To be changed to subscriptions and estimates both are sent.)
PUBLISHERS CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.
Enter THREE estimates for use for \$1.00 each, in your current column as follows:

1st					
2d					
3d					

Up on Total Port Receipts
September 1, 1902,
to January 10, 1903.

Name.....
Postoffice.....
State.....

NOTE—If you wish only ONE estimate in the contest, send FIFTY CENTS and fill out only one line of the blank. If you wish TEN estimates in the contest send THREE DOLLARS and fill out all three lines of the blank. If you wish to subscribe to THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION or SUNNY SOUTH, or both, as above offered, make remittance indicated and send estimate FREE—one estimate for each yearly subscription, or two for the combination, changing this coupon accordingly and enclose with remittance.

Address all orders to... **THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA.**

My little son has an attack of whooping cough and was threatened with pneumonia; but for Chamberlain's cough remedy we would have had a serious time of it. It also saved him from several severe attacks of croup.—H. J. Strickland, editor World-Herald, Fair Haven, Wash. For sale by F. R. Saunders.

Balsams from the Northern Wood are in Pyro-Balsam, the certain cure for coughs.

WANTED—A TRUSTWORTHY

gentleman or lady in each county to manage business for an old established house of solid financial standing. A straight bona fide weekly cash salary of \$18.00 paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 340 Caxton Bldg., Chicago.

CATARRH CANNOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Halls Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Prop's Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

MUST BE SOLD

--AT--

J. L. TYNDALL'S

A nice line of Merchandise, Dry Goods and Notions, Shoes, Hats, Caps, etc., at most any price to suit. In fact they

MUST BE SOLD.

Groceries, Flour, Meat, Meal, Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Candy, Crackers, Pepper, Spices, Ginger, Extracts, etc. Tobacco and Snuff, OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOTS, Soaps, Soap Powders, Gold Dust, Washing Powders, etc. Just come and see for it

MUST BE SOLD.

Hardware, Tinware, Glassware, Crockery, etc., and nice line of Hoses, Buggy Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Halters and so so. Everything prices that make it go, and it

MUST BE SOLD.

Also sell BLACK DEATH, the great insect destroyer, kills all kind of insects on collard, cabbage and all other kind of plants. Don't fail to see me, I will save you money.

Yours for bargains,

J. L. TYNDALL

PERSONAL TO SUBSCRIBERS

WE WILL SEND to every subscriber or reader of THE CAUCASIAN a full-sized ONE DOLLAR package of V.T.E.-ORE, by mail, POSTPAID, sufficient for one month's treatment, to be paid for within one month's time after receipt, if the receiver can truthfully say that its use has done him or her more good than all the drugs and doses of quacks or good doctors or patent medicines he or she has ever used. READ this over again carefully, and understand that we ask our pay only when it has done you good, and not before. We take all the risk; you have nothing to lose. If it does not benefit you, you pay us nothing. Vito-Ore is a natural, hard, adamantite rock-like substance mineral Ore—mined from the ground like gold and silver, and requires about twenty years for oxidation. It contains free iron, free sulphur and magnesium, and one package will equal in medicinal strength and curative value 300 grains of the most powerful, efficacious mineral water, drunk fresh at the springs. It is a geological discovery, to which there is nothing added or taken from. It is the marvel of the century for curing such diseases as Rheumatism, Bright's Diseases, Blood Poisoning, Heart Trouble, Lymphatic Catarrh and Throat Affections, Liver, Kidney and Bladder Affections, Stomach and Female Disorders, La Grippe, Malaria Fever, Nervous Prostration and General Debility, as thousands testify, and as no one, answering this, writing for a package, will deny after using. Give age, it is a sex.

This offer will challenge the attention and consideration, and after the gratitude of every living person who desires better health, or who suffers with age and diseases which have defied the medical world and grown worse with age. We care not for your skepticism, but ask your investigation, and at our expense, regardless of what falls you have, by sending to us for a package. You must not write on a postal card.

In answer to this, address THRO. NOEL COMPANY DEPT. L. F., 527, 529, 531, W. North Ave., Chicago, Ill.

J. R. FERRALL & CO.,
GROCERS
222 Fayetteville Street.
Largest and best stock of STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES in the city.

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ANTI-TRU...

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Special to the...

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THE CAUCASIAN

Vol. 2, No. 1, Feb. 19, 1903.
Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh,
N. C., as second-class mail matter.

THE BLOCKADE RAISED

Venezuela's Representatives and the
Representatives of the Powers, Reach an
Agreement

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION PASSED

Elkins Anti Rebate Bill Passes House and
Senate. Test Vote on Standard
Bill Expected This Week. The
Negro Cram Turned down by Senate
Committee. Cannon Accepts Invitation
to Meeting Native Sons of Tar Heel
State.

Special to the Caucasians:

Washington, D. C. Feb. 18th:
Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's representative
at Washington and the representatives
of the allied powers Germany, Eng-
land and Italy, have signed the
protocol providing for the immedi-
ate raising of the Venezuelan
Blockade and for the reference of
the question of preferential pay-
ment of claims of the allies against
Venezuela to the Hague arbitration
tribunal.

By the provisions of the preli-
minary protocols, Venezuela is the
gainer in that she secures the im-
mediate raising of the blockade and
the return of her war and merchant
vessels which have been captured
by the allied fleets.

The terms of the agreement are
that Great Britain, Germany, and
Italy are to receive down payments
amounting to something like \$27-
000 and that Germany in addition
is to receive in monthly installments
amounts which in five months will
aggregate \$340,000. As a guarantee
for the full satisfaction of the claims
of the allies, Venezuela is to pay 30
per cent of customs receipts of Lugo-
ra and Port Cabello to be held in trust
for all the creditor nations of Ven-
ezuela until the question of prefer-
ential treatment is determined by
the Hague Tribunal.

The final test on the statehood
controversy is expected this week
when the agricultural appropriation
bill is brought up. On this bill
the statehood bill will be proposed
as an amendment. The test will be
reached on the question of overrul-
ing the President's protempos of the
Senate as to whether or not the
statehood bill on the Agricultural
appropriation bill is in order. If
the Senate refuses to accept the
statehood bill as a rider to the ap-
propriation bill, it is probable that
will end the matter for this session.

In the meantime the compromise
plan seems to have been dropped.
The anti-trust question as far as
legislation concerning trusts is
concerned was settled last week when
the House passed the Senate measure
known as the Elkins anti rebate bill.

The Senate Committee has turned
down the negro Cram, refusing to
report favorably on his nomination
to position Collector of Customs at
Charleston.
The North Carolina delegation in
Congress called on Representative
Cannon yesterday to invite him to
a meeting of native sons of the Tar-
heel State, to be held in Greensboro,
N. C., next October. The meeting
will be for native sons of Tarheel-
dom residing in other States. Mr.
Cannon, who was born near Greens-
boro and lived there till he was six
years of age, promised to attend.
He will be the chief guest of the
occasion.

Senator Wellington has introduced
a resolution in Senate to appropriate
\$100,000 for experiments in a parcels
post between Washington and
nearby cities. A plan of campaign
has been inaugurated to endeavor
to get the Governor to adopt this
much needed auxiliary to the Post-
office Department, to be followed
in about the same way. Sen. But-
ler succeeded in getting free rural de-
livery. That is by getting the Gov-
ernment to begin by small experi-
ments through which the systems
will so appeal to the public deriving
the benefit from it as to cause a
public clamor for it as in the case of
free rural delivery.

OUR LEGISLATURE.

(continued from first page)
Saturday Mr. Freeman, of Hend-
erson read from a Hendersonville
paper an item charging the Repub-
lican caucus with having unani-
mously agreed to oppose all temper-
ance legislation. "This statement,"
declared Mr. Freeman, "is without
foundation, it is false and an un-
qualified lie. I have very good evi-
dence that it was inspired by an
employee of this House. That's all
I have to say."

SENATE MONDAY

Bills introduced
Baltenger: To establish a divid-
ing line between Henderson and
Polk. Glenn: To amend the char-
acter of Durham and Charlotte Rail-
road Company so as to extend to
Greensboro. R-Inhart: To in-
crease the commissioners of Catawba.
Norris: For the equipment and
maintenance of the North Carolina
College of Agriculture and Mechan-
ical Arts. Mann: To incorporate the
Washington and Vandemere Rail-
road Co. Norris: Joint resolution
of inquiry as to the enlargement of
the capital. London: For better
working the public roads in Chat-

ham, Walker: To incorporate the
Raleigh and Eastern Railway Co.
To allow Caswell to levy a special
tax. To establish graded school in
Roxboro.

PASSED THE SENATE

The following Senate bills passed
third reading in the Senate and
were sent to the House for concur-
rence: To authorize Bertie to levy
special tax. To repeal the act of
1901 creating the board of examiners
of State Institutions. To in-
crease the number of commissioners
of Catawba. To increase the com-
missioners of Cabarrus.

Senator Norris' bill for the main-
tenance of the A. and M. College
provides \$12,500 annually for two
years to complete the buildings be-
gun and \$15,000 annually for cur-
rent expenses.

NEW BILLS INTRODUCED

Dockery: To regulate the sale and
manufacture of liquor in Richmond.
Smith: To amend the Code relating
to arson. Wooten: To fix the jury
of jurors in Lenoir. Wooten: To
appoint justices of the peace in Len-
oir. Willis: To establish a ferry at
White Hall on Cape Fear river.
Love: To authorize the governor to
appoint a special constable. Love:
To allow the people of Gaston to
vote on the question of the removal
of the court from Dallas to Gaston.

PASSED FINAL READING

To authorize the N. & W. Rail-
way to extend its lines and operate
the same in North Carolina. To
allow stock to run at large in Lenoir
from the 15th of November to 15th
of February. To allow the com-
missioners of Anderson county to
levy a special tax to repair or build
court house. To authorize Elizabeth
City to levy a special tax. To au-
thorize a special tax in Polk to pay
outstanding indebtedness.

AMENDMENT TO WATTS BILL.

Mr. Watts offered an amendment
to his bill regulating the whiskey
traffic, providing for elections to be
held in cities and towns to deter-
mine:

1. Whether intoxicating liquors
shall be manufactured in said city or
town.
2. Whether bar-rooms or saloons
shall be established in said city or
town.
3. Whether dispensaries shall be
established in said city or town.

Election to be held upon petition
one-third of the registered voters,
after thirty days notice, not oftener
than once in two years.
Mr. Doughton offered an amend-
ment to the bill striking out that
part of the bill restricting the man-
ufacture of brandy and providing
that it may be manufactured and
sold in original packages of not less
than five gallons.

THE CALENDAR RESUMED.

To authorize the commissioners
of Mitchell county to build a bridge
over Toe river. To authorize the
levy of a special tax in Jones. To
authorize the commissioners of
Cumberland to issue bonds for pub-
lic roads.

BILLS INTRODUCED

Authorizing the payment of
wages of deceased to the widow or
the nearest living relative. Burton
To amend an act to prohibit dealing
in futures in Reidsville.

PASSED FINAL READING

The following House bill passed
final reading in the Senate and were
enrolled for ratification. To autho-
rize Union to issue bonds.

PASSED THE SENATE

The following Senate bills passed
third reading in the Senate and
were sent to the House: To author-
ize Buncombe to issue bonds and
build suitable county home. To
establish a dispensary in place of a
bar-room in the town of Marshall.

BILLS INTRODUCED

Dockery: To increase the number
of commissioners for Richmond.
Gay: For the election of town treas-
urer by the people. Thomas: To
prevent stock from running at large
in Ashe. Michael: To pension the
widows of Confederate soldiers.
Hunter: To compensate the
owners of stolen property.

DISCUSSION OF LIQUOR BILLS

Mr. Thompson, of Onslow was
the first speaker on the Watts whis-
key bill. He opposed it chiefly
on the ground that he believed it
would injure the Democratic party.
Mr. Guion, of Craven made an argu-
ment in support of the bill.
Mr. Morton, of New Hanover,
opposed the bill in vigorous speech,
and urged the adoption of his amend-
ment which leaves the question to
a vote of the people in every county.

THE OLIVE STRUCK BY STORM.

Steamboat Sunk and Fifteen Lives Lost
Near Edenton.
The Steamer Olive while on her
regular run between Franklin, Va.,
Edenton Monday night was struck
by a terrific storm and destroyed.
Fifteen lives were lost in the wreck
most of whom were colored passen-
gers and members of the Crew

Mysterious Circumstances

One was pale and sallow and the
other fresh and rosy. Whence the
difference? She who is blushing
with health uses Dr. King's New
Life Pills to maintain it. By gently
arousing the lazy organs they com-
pel good digestion and head off con-
stitution. Try them. Only 25c,
at all Druggists.

Special Rates via S. A. L. Ry.

Raleigh, N. C. Nov. 21, 1902.
\$7.50 from Raleigh to Charlotte
and return on account of the annual
meeting of Shriners, Charlotte, N. C.,
December 12. Tickets on sale
December 11 and 12, with final re-
turn limit December 16. Tickets on
sale from all stations in North and
South Carolina, including Norfolk
and Suffolk, Va., on the same basis.
For further information call on
C. H. GATTIS, City Passenger and
Ticket Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., Portsmouth
Va.

\$5.55-Raleigh to Wilmington, N. C.,
and return, account North
Carolina Conference M. C. Church
South, Wilmington, N. C., De-
cember 10, 1902. Tickets on
sale from all points in North
Carolina, including Norfolk,
Portsmouth and Suffolk, Va., to
be sold December 1st to 5th, in-
clusive, with final limit Decem-
ber 13th.

\$7.50 from Raleigh to Charlotte
and return account of meeting of
Dramatic Order Knights of Khoras-
san, Charlotte, Nov. 26. Special
rates from Wilmington, Raleigh,
Rutherfordton and Intermediate
points on the same basis. Tickets
sold Nov. 25 and 26, final limit
Nov. 28.

For detail information call on any
agent or address,
C. H. GATTIS, C. P. & T. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

IT DAZZLES THE WORLD.

No discovery in medicine has ever
created one-quarter of the excitement
that has been caused by Dr. King's
New Discovery for Consumption. It's
severest tests have been on hopeless
cases of Consumption, Pneumonia,
Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis,
thousands of whom it has restored to
perfect health. For coughs, colds, asth-
ma, croup, hay fever, hoarseness and
whooping cough it is the quickest and
surest cure in the world.
who guarantee satisfaction or refund
money. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.
Trial bottles free.
Sold by all druggists.

Young Plants

Every farmer knows that
some plants grow better than
others. Soil may be the same
and seed may seem the same
but some plants are weak and
others strong.

And that's the way with
children. They are like young
plants. Same food, same home,
same care but some grow big
and strong while others stay
small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion offers an
easy way out of the difficulty.
Child weakness often means
starvation, not because of lack
of food, but because the food
does not feed.

Scott's Emulsion really feeds
and gives the child growing
strength.

Whatever the cause of weak-
ness and failure to grow—
Scott's Emulsion seems to find
it and set the matter right.

Sent for free sample.
Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., New York
City, and \$1.00; all druggists.

SEABOARD

AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Short Line tropical palaces of the South
and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, Cal-
ifornia and Mexico, also north and north-
west, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia
and New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago,
Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas
City.

Trains leave Raleigh as follows:

No. 34. NORTHBOUND.
1:20 A. M. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" FOR
Norfolk, Portsmouth, Richmond,
Washington, Baltimore, Philadel-
phia, New York, Boston and all
points North, Northeast and North-
west.

11:15 A. M. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL"
For All Points from Raleigh to
Portsmouth, Norfolk to Richmond,
connects at Henderson for Oxford
and Weldon with A. C.; at Port-
smouth-Norfolk with A. L. Steam-
ers for points North and North-
east.

No. 66.
11:50 A. M. "SEABOARD MAIL" FOR
Richmond, Washington, Baltimore,
Philadelphia, New York and Hos-
ton, connects at Richmond with
C. & O. for Cincinnati, Chicago and
St. Louis at Washington with
Pennsylvania and B. & O. for all
points.

No. 31. Southbound.
5:40 A. M. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" FOR
Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Char-
leston, Savannah, Jacksonville, St.
Augustine, Tampa and all points
South and Southwest.

No. 41.
4:00 P. M. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL"
For Charlotte, Atlanta and all local
points, connects at Atlanta for all
points South and Southwest.

No. 27.
6:27 P. M. "SEABOARD MAIL" FOR
Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Atlanta,
Columbia, Charleston, Savannah,
Jacksonville, Tampa and all points
South and Southwest. Tickets on
sale to all points. Pullman berths
reserved. Tickets delivered and
baggage checked from Hotel and
Residences without extra charge at

UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE.

Yarborough House Building.
C. H. GATTIS, C. T. and P. A.
Phones 117. Raleigh, N. C.
H. S. LEARD, T. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

FOUR FREE FRIENDS FOR FARMERS

Our money winning books, written by men who know, tell you all about

Potash

They are needed by every man who owns a field and a plow, and who desires to get the most out of them.

They are free. Send postal card.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau Street, New York

Goose Like Hot Cakes.

"The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes druggist C. F. Smith, of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from throat and lung diseases, who could not get help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, and best physicians prescribe it, and we guarantee satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes 50c. and \$1.

IT GIRDLES THE GLOBE.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It is the one perfect healer of cuts, corns, burns, bruises, sores, boils, scalds, ulcers, fevers, aches, pains and all skin eruptions. Only infallible pile cure. 25c a box at all druggists. Sold by all druggists.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the news-
papers is sure to know of the wonderful
cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root,
the great kidney, liver and bladder
remedy.

It is the great medi-
cine of the nineteenth century, dis-
covered after years of
scientific research by
Dr. Kilmer, the emi-
nent kidney and blad-
der specialist, and is
wonderfully successful in promptly curing
lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid trou-
bles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst
form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not re-
commended for everything but if you have kid-
ney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found
just the remedy you need. It has been tested
in so many ways, in hospital work, in private
practice, among the helpless too poor to pur-
chase relief and has proved so successful in
every case that a special arrangement has
been made by which all readers of this paper
who have not already tried it, may have a
sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book
telling more about Swamp-Root and how to
find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble.
When writing mention reading this generous
offer in this paper and
send your address to
Dr. Kilmer & Co., 515
Hawthorne, N. Y.
The regular fifty cent and
dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned
with protruding piles brought on by consti-
pation in which I was afflicted for twenty
years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the
town of Newell, Ia., and never found anything
to equal them. Today I am entirely free from
piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KRIST, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do
Good, Never Sickens, Weakens or Grips, 50c. per
box. **CURE CONSTIPATION.** All
Starling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, etc.

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists
and all CIGARETTE DEALERS.

Read it in His Newspaper.

George Schaub, a well known
German citizen of New Lebanon,
Ohio, is constant reader of the Day-
ton Volkszeitung. He knows that
this paper aims to advertise only
the best in its columns, and when
he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm
advertised therein for lame back,
he did not hesitate in buying a bot-
tle of it for his wife, who for eight
weeks had suffered with the most
terrible pains in her back and could
get no relief. He says: "After us-
ing the Pain Balm for a few days
my wife said to me, 'I feel as
though born anew,' and before us-
ing the entire contents of the bot-
tle the unbearable pains had entirely
vanished and she could again take
up her household duties." He is
very thankful and hopes that all
suffering likewise will hear of her
wonderful recovery. This valuable
liniment is for sale by T. F. Sanders

MOTHERS

We have a book,
prepared especially for you, which
will tell you all about the treatment of
stomach disorders—worms, etc.—
that every child is liable to, and for
which
Frey's Vermifuge
has been successfully used
for a half century.
One cent per mail to
E. S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

Excess

Of Smoking Affected
My Heart
So I Had To Sit Up
To Breathe.
Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Cured Me.

There is nothing that has a more deleterious
effect upon the cardiac or heart nerves
than the excessive use of tobacco. Pain and
tenderness around the heart, an oppressive
feeling in the chest, choking sensation in the
throat, discomfort from sleeping on the left
side and another spells at night when the
sufferer has to sit up in bed to breathe are
the most common symptoms of a weak heart.
Smokers who feel these symptoms and who
do not understand their meaning should be
warned in time, by the following experience:
"I was greatly troubled with an affection
of the heart, due I think to excessive smoking.
On writing to you for advice I was directed
to begin a course of treatment which in-
cluded Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, Dr. Miles'
Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills, together
with bathing, etc. I faithfully followed the
directions given and am pleased to say that
my cure is complete and permanent. Be-
fore beginning the use of your remedies I
was so nervous I could not keep my hands
still and suffered greatly from severe pains
around the heart. Many times at night I
would be forced to assume a sitting posture
to get my breath, and for the time being it
would seem as though my heart had stopped
beating. From the splendid results achieved
in my case I can cheerfully recommend Dr.
Miles' Heart Cure, Restorative Nervine and
other remedies to all sufferers from heart or
nervous troubles."—Yours truly, ELIJAH
HALL, Dothan, Ala.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bot-
tle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book
on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

W. C. STRONACH'S SONS.

Agents for Chase & Sanborn's
Coffee and Teas.

The Thousands Kitchen Bou-
quet—Highly Recommended
by Mrs. Rorer.

ROLLER CHAMPION FLOUR,
HE-NO TEA.

HOLLOWAY'S BUTTER.

Gordon & Dillworth's Table Delic-
acies.

STRONACH'S SONS.
Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway
of The South.

The Direct Line to all points—
Texas - California
Florida - Cuba
and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipmen
on all through and local trains; Pull-
man Palace Sleeping cars on all night
trains. Fast and safe schedules.
Travel by the Southern and you are
assured a safe, comfortable and expe-
ditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time ta-
bles, rates and general information, or
address
(No trouble to answer questions)
S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A.,
Washington, D. C.

R. L. VERNON, THAD C. STURGIS,
T. P. A. C. T. A.
Charlotte, N. C. Raleigh, N. C.

CAPUDINE CURES HEADACHE

LaGrippe, Colds, Feverishness,
Neuralgia, Sick Headache, etc.

MONEY BACK

If it fails. For sale at all drug
stores.

Eureka Harness Oil
A good looking
horse and poor look-
ing harness is a dis-
tinction to last—twice as long
as it ordinarily would.
Sold everywhere in equal
size. Made by
STANDARD
OIL CO.

Give Your Horse a Chance!

Mrs. Fred Vnrath,
No. 228 Territorial Street, Benton Harbor, Mich.

"I am pleased to give my
experience with Wine of
Cardui as I am very grateful
for its help. After my first
baby was born I could not
seem to regain my strength,
although the doctor gave me
a tonic which he considered
very superior, but instead of
getting better I grew weaker
every day. My husband
came home one evening with
some Wine of Cardui and in-
sisted that I take it for a week and see
what it would do for me. As he seemed
to have so much faith in it I did take the
medicine and was very grateful to find
my strength slowly returning. In two
weeks I was out of bed and in a month
I was able to take up my usual duties. I
am very enthusiastic in its praise."

MOTHERHOOD is the noblest duty
and highest privilege women
can achieve or aspire to. With-
out this privilege women do not
get all there is in life—too often they
go through the world discontented,
wrapped up in their own selfish cares
and troubles. How different is the
happy mother, watching her children
grow into manhood and womanhood.
A mother lives as many lives as she has
children—their joys and sorrows are
hers, as are their ambitions,
triumphs and defeats.
Healthy women do not suf-
fer miscarriage nor does
a woman who is healthy
suffer tortures at childbirth.
It is the woman who is ill-
ing—who has female weak-
ness—who fears the ordeal
of becoming a mother. Wine
of Cardui builds up the wo-
manly in a woman. It stops
all menstrual drains and
strains—irregularities which are re-
sponsible for barrenness and miscar-
riage. It makes a woman strong and
healthy and able to pass through preg-
nancy and childbirth with little suffer-
ing. After the ordeal is passed the
Wine of Cardui builds up the wo-
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